

PIKE COUNTY PRESS
The Oldest Paper
Published in Pike Co.
SUBSCRIBE FOR IT

Pike County Press.

PIKE COUNTY PRESS
Satisfaction Given in
the "Ad" or Job Line
ADVERTISE IN IT

VOL. VII.

MILFORD, PIKE COUNTY, PA., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1902.

NO. 17.

THE WASHINGTON LETTER.

The past week in congress might be described as "preliminary week" as it was devoted to preparation for the important bills which are, according to the program, to be voted upon this week.

The ways and means committee will today take up the question of affording relief to Cuba by reciprocity or other means. There is a wide diversity of opinion as to the advisability of such a measure and as to the means to be employed, if it is determined that something must be done.

Representative Samuel D. Woods of California speaking on this subject tells me that he considers the position of the president a most erroneous one and that he is confident that had the president had the time and the opportunity to listen to the testimony before the ways and means committee on the subject he would have changed his position.

A Senator told me an amusing story on a new Western Congressman yesterday. The new member went to one of the departments in search of a pamphlet and was directed to the document room which is lined with documents for free distribution.

Representative Joseph C. Sibley of Pennsylvania told me yesterday in speaking of the prospect of the ways and means committee's reporting a measure providing for reciprocity with Cuba that with certain provisions he would be willing to vote for it.

Representative Joseph C. Sibley of Pennsylvania told me yesterday in speaking of the prospect of the ways and means committee's reporting a measure providing for reciprocity with Cuba that with certain provisions he would be willing to vote for it.

that time Cuba will be clamoring for annexation to the United States. I am willing to do this not because I consider that we owe it to Cuba but because she is young and I think we can afford to help her get upon her feet, so to speak.

Representative Wadsworth of New York said today: "I am opposed to reciprocity in every form. I do not say that I would not vote for some temporary measure of relief to Cuba if I was certain that it would injure no American industry but I am opposed also to any form of bounty and I do not see how relief is to be brought about without working a hardship to our own people."

The Senate has varied its regular performance, "a speech by the democratic member on the Philippine revenue bill," long enough to give some consideration to the permanent census bill during the past week and it is believed that both will pass within a few days.

In the consideration of the census bill Senator Lodge appeared as the champion of civil service reform by opposing the clause of the house bill transferring to the classified service all of the present employees of the bureau and offered an amendment which provided that only those employees who would be retained under the permanent organization should be afforded civil service protection.

Senator Mitchell, as predicted in these letters some weeks ago, made a vigorous plea for this amendment making the reduction of the Dingley rates 50 instead of 25 per cent on Philippine imports and it is possible that some concessions to the views of the Pacific coast Senator will be made, especially as Senator Foraker has offered an amendment making the reduction 70 per cent.

A Senator told me an amusing story on a new Western Congressman yesterday. The new member went to one of the departments in search of a pamphlet and was directed to the document room which is lined with documents for free distribution.

Acetylene gas is now utilized for a variety of illuminating purposes in Sweden, owing to its low cost in comparison with other processes of lighting. Attempts are now being made to introduce it into factories, and it is anticipated that its employment will signify a very considerable saving. It has been calculated that a factory using fifty lamps of 15 candle power, each burning 720 hours per year, would find its lighting bill worked out as follows:

With coal gas in common burners, \$290; with electric incandescent lamps, \$250; with petroleum, \$150; with acetylene gas, \$125. By this it will be recognized that acetylene is more than one-half as cheap as coal gas.—Scientific American.

H. Seever, a carpenter and builder of Keaton, Tenn., when suffering intensely from an attack of bilious colic, sent to a nearby drug store for something to relieve him. The druggist sent him a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, three doses of which effected a permanent cure.

"Miss Amy, what is the best way of killing time in the winter?" "Miss Amy—" "Sleigh it."

TUESDAY'S ELECTION RESULTS

Borough Ticket Democratic With Some Close Calls.

MILFORD BOROUGH.

Judge of election—Albert J. Randolph, r, 62; A. Q. Wallace, d, 114. Inspectors—Charles Thornton, r, 60; Fred A. Beck, d, 114.

Constable—W. V. Davenport, r, 86; George Smith, d, 90. High constable—B. Thomas, r, 54; L. B. Hissam, d, 116.

Overseer of poor—A. B. McCarty, r, 85; J. C. Chamberlain, d, 89. Auditor—W. A. H. Mitchell, r, 76; C. E. Watson, d, 96.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT.

R. G. Barkley, r, 64; C. B. Carpenter, r, 71; Dunham Gregory, d, 129; B. E. Brown, d, 118.

MILFORD TOWNSHIP.

Judge of election—Tobias Nelson, r, 10; J. C. Ball, d, 17. Inspectors—S. L. Hunt, r, 13; John McCarty, d, 14.

Overseer of poor—S. Cuddeback, l, 8; G. R. Bosler, d, 12; J. G. Maier, d, 15.

Clerk—D. B. Olmsted, d, 15. Auditor—G. M. Quick, d, 14. Constable—C. Hermann, d, r, 25.

WESTFALL.

The democratic ticket was elected with one exception, that of Seymour Coykendall for supervisor, by majorities ranging from 10 to 60. The elected are:

Judge of election—Isaac Skillingor. Inspectors—B. F. Durant, Henry Meyer.

School directors—Herman Krause, J. A. Wilkin. Supervisors—S. Coykendall, Isaac Van Gorden.

Overseer of poor—John Clune. Clerk—Milton Shay. Auditor—Henry Aldrich. Constable—B. C. Totten.

BLOOMING GROVE.

Judge of election—Erwin Hazen. Inspectors—W. H. Hatton, Chas. F. Howell.

School directors—J. A. Ranyon, Frank Miller. Supervisors—John Newman, Jno. Bloss, J. R. Vennie.

Overseer of poor—J. R. Vennie. Clerk—E. R. Hazen. Auditor—S. Lord. Constable—Levi Lord.

Justice of peace—Ed. Howell. Treasurer—E. R. Hazen.

DELAWARE.

Judge of election—A. L. Albright. Inspectors—Laf. Howey, Charles Bosler.

School directors—W. J. Hanna, Robinson Shepherd. Supervisors—J. G. Hood, A. C. Cron, John Schreiber, J. D. Hanna.

Overseer of poor—David Gunn, D. C. Cron. Clerk—Geo. Raitt. Auditor—J. D. Whitaker.

Constable—Charles Person. Justice of peace—H. J. Briscoe. Trustees Delaware academy—J. B. Westbrook, G. C. Cron, W. Van Gorden.

DIXONIAN.

Judge of election—Alex. Gavolite. Inspectors—A. F. Kintler, Frank Seitz.

School directors—E. O. Bollstot, Frank Quinn. Supervisors—C. H. Quinn, Ira M. Travis, Louis Stanton, P. W. Helms.

Overseer of poor—G. J. Gebhardt. Clerk—C. B. McCarty, r. Auditor—J. W. Dubois, r. Constable—J. W. Kiesel, r. Justice of peace—J. A. Fisher.

LACKAWAXEN.

Judge of election—James Grady. Inspectors—B. J. Wood, Geo. Williams.

School directors—A. G. Boeckelman, Henry Dawitt. Supervisors—Joseph Dodan, Albert Briggs, Phillip Krause, John Brinkman, W. P. Kirkham, r.

Overseer of poor—W. R. Smith. Clerk—H. Dewitt. Auditor—August Witt. Constable—Ross Rosencrans. Justice of peace—Henry Dewitt.

PALMYRA.

Judge of election—M. J. Lynn. Inspectors—Henry Quick, John Zimmermann.

School directors—Frank Martin, Walter Vetterlein. Supervisors—Henry Masker, Daniel DeGroot.

Overseers of poor—John Radloff, Herman Gamble. Clerk—Walter Vetterlein. Auditor—B. F. Killam, Henry Drake.

SHOHOLA.

Judge of election—Henry Worzel. Inspectors—Geo. Vogt, J. J. Hans. School directors—Otto Zoeliner, W. Williams.

Supervisors—Geo. P. Haas, G. J. Engelhart. Overseer of poor—Ed. Shadler. Clerk—Frank Keller. Auditor—Peter Eckhart. Constable—Geo. Bergard. Justice of peace—Frank Keller.

PORTER.

Judge of election—J. W. Smith. Inspector—W. J. Smith, H. E. Smith.

Supervisor—W. J. Smith, H. E. Smith. School director—W. J. Smith, H. E. Smith, Henry Van Why, Peter Van Why.

Overseer of poor—M. C. Smith. Constable—Monroe Place. Auditor—C. W. Courtright.

PERSONALS.

John W. and Albert S. Brown of Diagonal's Ferry were in town Wednesday.

Hon. John A. Kipp of New York was in Milford transacting legal business the first of the week.

Prothonotary John C. Westbrook, Jr., and wife visited at Blooming Grove a couple of days the first of the week.

W. B. Cuddeback of Port Jervis has been visiting a few days with his mother, who has been threatened with an attack of pneumonia, this week.

Harry P. Nye of Stroudsburg visited his sister, Mrs. Jacob Kner, over last Sunday. He is interested quite largely in timber business in this county.

Rev. Edgar M. Smead will go to Camden, N. J., tomorrow for a brief stay. The pulpit of the Presbyterian church will be occupied Sunday by Mr. Fisher of Princeton seminary.

John G. Hilliard of New York was at his new summer residence of the Log Tavern pond last Sunday. He is one of the principal promoters of the several railroads projected around here.

J. Wallace Heller of Chicago, where he is connected with the Bradstreet agency, is visiting his mother here for a few days. This is his first return in seventeen years and in the meantime the world seems to have smiled on his fortunes.

W. R. Willis of New York recently visited his daughter here, who has been staying for some time in the family of L. F. Hafner. Mr. Willis for many summers has made Milford his home and always enjoyed the surroundings. He has just returned from a trip south where he went to recuperate his health.

A Thousand Dollars Thrown Away. Mr. W. W. Baker of Plainview, Neb., writes: "My wife had lung trouble for over fifteen years. We tried a number of doctors and spent over a thousand dollars without any relief. She was very low and I lost all hope, when a friend suggested trying Foley's Honey and Tar, which I did; and thanks be to this great remedy it saved her life. She is stronger and enjoys better health than she has ever known in ten years. We shall never be without Foley's Honey and Tar and would ask those afflicted to try it. Sold at Armstrong's drug store. Trial bottles free at all druggists.

Great reduction in shirt waists at T. Armstrong & Co.'s. Prices now 30c, 35c, 40c and 50c.

BRIEF MENTION.

The New York state senate has passed a bill prohibiting shooting pigeons. Smallpox is yet spreading in portions of the state. It is now distressing the Lehigh valley. The concrete building in Port Jervis corner of Pike and King streets was badly damaged by fire Tuesday morning.

According to figures of the weather bureau the groundhog has only hit the weather twice in ten years, in 1895 and 1900.

Sheriff Gregory will sell Saturday, March 15, at 2.30 p. m. at the court house a valuable property in Lackawaxen township.

Mrs. Elizabeth Shepherd, widow of William Shepherd, died at her home in Matamoras Tuesday evening of heart trouble. The funeral services will be held today.

The senate Monday ratified the treaty by which the Danish West Indies became the possessions of the United States. St. Thomas is valuable for its harbor and as a coaling station.

The storm of Monday was a record breaker in Philadelphia. Eleven inches of snow fell and through out this and the eastern states generally railroad and trolley traffic was greatly interfered with.

Miss Ellen M. Stone, the missionary captured by the brigands Sept. 7th, is reported to have been released and Reverend Talika, husband of her companion, has been arrested for complicity in the kidnapping.

About a foot of snow fell Monday and the wind immediately took it up and had lots of fun whirling it around. The snow bills will partially reveal the extent of the sport but not half the inconvenience occasioned.

Some of the pros and cons of the Montague game suits are being ventilated in the papers but it is strongly hinted by knowing ones that the bid has not been lifted and that the real lawfulness of the matter is yet to be revealed.

In a warmly contested election Tuesday in Pittsburg John B. Larkin, citizens' candidate, was elected controller by about 8,000 majority over Joseph Lewis, Flinn republican. In Philadelphia the republicans won easily by a good majority on a light vote.

Prince Henry's Reception. Barring accidents and if the winds and waves do not delay tomorrow will witness a grand display in New York harbor when it is expected the steamship Kronprinz Wilhelm bearing Prince Henry of Prussia will arrive. A great naval parade as brilliant as any which has ever occurred will take place and amid the booming of cannon and the floating of bunting the august visitor will be welcomed to our shores. He will visit the principal cities of the country and from Feb. 24 to March 11, when he returns, will travel over considerable part of the land going west as far as St. Louis. A sumptuous train has been fitted up for his journey and every effort will be made to make the stay pleasant.

Real Estate Transfers. Christian J. Rose to Felix Oleonier, 63 acres, part of James Chapman, Greene. Consideration \$46.

George Rocklein, Sr., and wife to George Rocklein, Jr., part of No. 103, Blooming Grove, 22 acres. Consideration \$5.

George Rocklein, Jr., to Barbara Rocklein, same lands. Consideration \$5.

Charles D. Angle and wife to Edward B. and Grace M. Lebar, lot No. 629, Matamoras. Consideration \$1100.

President Roosevelt has sustained the court's decision in the Schley appeal case. He says it is a "captain's battle and that such commander is entitled to whatever praise he deserves for the management of his ship; that neither Sampson nor Schley gave commands to any but their own vessels during the fight, which was conducted on lines laid down in advance."

"What do you think the weather will be next month?" wrote a subscriber to an editor, and the editor replied, "I think it will be very much like your subscription."

The subscriber happened to think of the word "unsettled" and sent in the amount next day.

Dress making in all branches. Will go to the house or do the work at home. Address MARY LUDWIG, Broad street, Milford, Pa.

HYPNOTISM.

Likened to Early Witchcraft—Should be Discouraged.

There comes to our table this morning from a New York house a pamphlet of ninety-six pages, with various pictorial illustrations on the above subject, and a request that we forward \$5 and obtain a course of instruction which will enable us to hypnotize everybody and make them do exactly what we want. The pamphlet states that ten thousand persons are now taking this \$5 course of instruction. How many of these ten thousand are scoundrels no mention is made, but most probably among them will be found gamblers, thieves and worse criminals, all of whom will be constantly trying their power on men, women and children, and the result is quite likely to be seductions, robberies, kidnappings, murders, and perhaps premature burials of persons not dead.

In the early history of New England this dangerous art would doubtless have been considered to be the work of the devil, and those who practiced it would have been promptly hung.

We do not go so far as that, but do think that all who read our paper and all who read the other twenty thousand newspapers and magazines which receive our paper every month, should be warned against this danger—and that scientific men should tell everybody how to best avoid it—and that laws should be enacted in every state to punish those who use it for criminal purposes by life sentences to our state prisons where they will be beyond the power of doing further harm.

We notice in the New York Herald on our table, that a Chicago physician has asked Mayor Harrison to permit him to bury a hypnotized patient three days and nights for the purpose of proving to medical scientists that a person apparently dead may be buried that length of time and still be alive. As all our readers know, we have for several years urged in this paper that no person, old or young, should ever be buried until the beginning of decay, and that there should be in every city and large town places where the bodies of the supposed dead can be taken and tenderly cared for until the beginning of decay.

Geo. T. ANGELL.

Deserved Commendation. "The Speaker" in the Stroudsburg Times last week talks of Nelson Lloyd's book, "A Drone and a Dreamer," and says "it is a delightful story of folks up Pike county way." It would seem that the "Speaker" has fallen into the same error made by a writer in the Philadelphia North American some months ago in referring to the same book, and in fact the language used bears a striking similarity. Had either of the writers read the book carefully they would have discovered that the scene is laid in Kishicoquillas and a little knowledge of the geography of the state would inform them that it is a town in Milfin county. Then, too, there is a distinct reference in the book to the location of the "Red Run farm" as being in Middle county. The novel is interesting and amusing and would do no discredit to any section and if by any stretch we could claim the distinction for this county of its having been thought worthy of such consideration as to have the plot of a most readable work laid here no one would object. While Pike has numerous girls just as beautiful as Doo Mackintosh's daughter and as well worthy of being immortalized in prose they have so far escaped the glorifying attentions of the novelist. This neglect, however, is no detriment to their being sought and won by those as worthy in every respect as the Humes, Middletons and Marcys of the novelist's creation.

A Fireman's Close Call. "I stuck to my engine, although every joint ached, and every nerve was racked with pain," writes C. W. Bellamy a locomotive fireman of Burlington, Iowa. "I was weak and pale, without any appetite and all run down. As I was about to give up, I got a bottle of Electric Bitters and, after taking it, I felt as well as I ever did in my life." Weak, sickly, run down people always gain new life, strength and vigor from their use. Try them. Satisfaction guaranteed by all druggists. Price 50 cents.

THE RAMBLER'S PICKINGS.

Who says we didn't have a good fall of snow.

The Branchville mail had a hard time Monday. Billy was a trifle late with the Port Jervis mail.

Dr. Kenworthy's trotter felt insulted by being left standing alone in the storm Monday morning and he took French leave. Result, a broken backboard and harness.

Considerable newspaper space is being taken up by the Newton papers and Port Jervis Gazette regarding the celebrated mail case over in Montague. Sides are being taken and it is hard to tell where it will end. A good deal of excitement over one particular little quail.

We note with pleasure that the Rev. C. E. Scudder is able to be about again.

Where were the ladies Monday evening? None were to be seen in the postoffice mail time.

Postmaster Charles Lattimore is able to be in the office again.

Dr. Kenworthy took possession of his new residence this week and has been removing his household goods to it.

So the Press devil is after our scalp. Well, he will have a sweet time lifting it.

Henry Van Horn has rented the E. J. Van Auker farm near Cave Bank. I hope trains on the M. & D. R. R. won't disturb him.

Most everybody expects to attend the supper of the Hatchcock this evening. Would that Jim Bennett of the Gazette would come down.

The Peanut King.

In its different homes the peanut is also known by the names of groundnut, earthnut, pindar, goober and groundpea. While Brazil is generally conceded to be its native home, Africa ranks first in production, the United States coming third, and furnishing one-sixth of the world's crop.

To reach maturity the peanut cannot be grown further north than Maryland, a mild climate with a light, sandy soil, such as is to be found in a few of the southern states, proving the best for its growth. One of the peculiarities of this nut is that the fruit matures under ground. The roots are covered with tiny tubercles in which are multitudes of infinitesimally small organisms that supply the plant with nitrogen. The seed is planted in early spring, in rows or hills, and is ready for harvesting about the 1st of October, when the fields present their liveliest appearance. After the top root of the plant has been cut by means of a kind of wing attached to the plow, the vines are taken out of the dirt by a fork and put into small heaps, and these into shocks to mature or cure. It is a picturesque sight in the fall to see the colored people, all sizes, gathering peanuts from the vines, the wee pickaninnies, scattered here and there, dumped in the dirt, while their mothers fill the large bags for the factories.

The largest peanut establishment in the world, owned by any one company, is located at Smithfield, Va., a little town among the low hills of the tidewater section, where the sound of railroad engine has never been heard. When the head of this establishment, Mr. P. D. Gwatney, who bears the distinction of being called "The Peanut King," returned to his farm, penniless, from the surrender at Appomattox Court-house, he laid aside his rigged gray jacket and took up the culture of peanuts.—Leslie's Weekly.

We know of no way in which we can be of more service to our readers than to tell them of something that will be of real good to them. For this reason we want to acquaint them with what we consider one of the very best remedies on the market for coughs, colds, and that alarming complaint, Croup. We refer to Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. We have used it in our family so long and with such good results that it has become a household necessity. By its prompt use we have not only cured our own children, but also those of our neighbors, especially those that have small children, always keep it in their homes as a safeguard against croup.—Camden, S. C., Messenger.

For sale by A. W. Balch & Son, Matamoras. All drug and general stores in Pike county.